



KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION		HOW DO JEWISH PEOPLE CELEBRATE?	LOWER KEY STAGE 2
Cross curricular links	Key skills	Key Vocabulary/definitions	
PSHE: Listening to and respecting, other's beliefs.	<p>To explain why the Torah is a sacred book for Jewish people and understand how Jewish people see God as a rescuer.</p> <p>To reflect on my own beliefs in relation to Jewish beliefs.</p> <p>To explain why and how Jewish people use religious artefacts.</p> <p>To create my own important message which I would want to pass on to future generations.</p> <p>To learn what is special about Rosh Hashanah, especially how forgiveness is shown then to consider my own response to the idea of forgiveness.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Torah: The compilation of the first five books of the Hebrew Bible.• Rosh Hashanah: The Jewish New Year.• Yom Kippur: The Jewish Day of Atonement or forgiveness.• Shabbat: The Jewish Day of Rest which happens each week from sunset on Friday to sunset on Saturday.• Mezuzah: A piece of parchment inscribed with specific Hebrew verses from the Torah which some Jewish followers fix to the doorposts of their homes.• Seder plate: The focal point of the first two nights of Passover. The Seder tells the story of Exodus through the senses of sight, taste and feeling.• Ner Tamid: A lamp that burns perpetually in Jewish synagogues.	
Pictures/photos relevant to topic	<p>To know how Jewish people celebrate Shabbat then reflect on the important days in my life and compare the two.</p> <p>To explain some important symbols found at a synagogue, connect these symbols to Jewish beliefs, and explain how these help Jewish people to worship.</p>	Key facts <ul style="list-style-type: none">• One of the most important festivals in the Jewish year is called Passover. It is a time when Jewish people remember how their ancestors escaped from Egypt more than 3000 years ago.• During Rosh Hashanah, a traditional trumpet made from a ram's horn (called a shofar) is blown in the synagogue. It is a tradition to eat apples dipped in honey to represent a sweet new year.• During Yom Kippur, five specific things are traditionally not allowed; drinking and eating for 25 hours, washing yourself, wearing oils, perfume and makeup, wearing leather shoes and kissing or hugging.• The most important Hanukkah tradition is the lighting of the nine branched candlestick – the Menorah. Each night, a candle is lit and a special blessing is given. The ninth candle is used to light the others it is called the Shamash or the servant candle.	
			
			