Measurement of time

Fill in the gaps in the sentence stems.

There are _____ days in a whole week.

There are _____ days in a school week.

There are _____ hours in a day.

There are _____ hours in a school day.

Put the times/events into the correct place on the diagram.

	Morr	ning	Af	ternoon	Evening	Γ	Night	
	Break	Breakfast		idnight	Midday)[Go to school	
	Supper		Bedtime		Assembly)[Brushing teeth	
Complete the statements.								
	1 day	days	=	120 hours				
	2 days = hours				days	=	60 hours	
	days	= 2	240 ł	nours	20 days	=	hours	
Sort the times from latest to earliest.								
Ĩ (5:30 p.m.		9:45 a.m.		9:45 p.m.		10:23 a.m.	
(7:31 a.m.		10:13 p.m.		8:30 a.m.		6:32 a.m.	
(12:24 a.m.		8:55	p.m.	2:11 a.m.		7:40 a.m.	
Show the times on both analogue and digital clocks.								
Guided reading at 10:00 a.m.								
•	Home time at 3:30 p.m.							
•	Lunchtime at 12:00 p.m.							
Use the symbols $<$, $>$ and $=$ to compare the following durations.								
2:00 p.m 6:00 p.m. 08:00 a.m 12:00 p.m.								
	07:30 a.m 09:30 a.m. 🛛 11:40 a.m 02:40 p.m.							
	03:30 a.m 05:00 p.m. 03:30 p.m 05:00 a.m.							
Complete the sentence about the duration of the train journeys.								
	Destination London	Train de 08:4		Train arrives 11:35				
	Landon	00.4	<i></i>	1.30	_			

 Manchester
 13:10
 14:20

 The journey to London is _______than the journey to Manchester.
 _______than the journey to Manchester.

10:33

Which journey takes the least amount of time?

10:05

Leeds