KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

HISTORY	Changes in Britain Stone Age to Iron Age	LOWER KEY STAGE 2

Cross curricular links

Geography – how land was used during these time periods and the development of farming

Mathematics – understanding a timeline

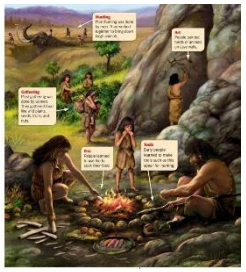
Literacy – interpreting evidence and presenting own viewpoints

Creative: cave painting

Pictures/photos relevant to topic

Skara Brae

Stonehenge



Hunter Gatherer

Key skills

Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources – what does the tomb of Skara Brae tell us about life in the Stone Age life,

Learn what monuments and objects tell us about someone's daily life.

Develop a secure knowledge and understanding of key features of UK history

Make deductions about changes in life during this period and the legacy and impact on society.

Key Vocabulary/definitions

Primary Source - A primary source is a source that is closest to the original event, research or experience.

Artefacts – objects left behind that can be used as evidence for the past

Hunter gatherer – a person who lives in a society where food is collected by hunting wild animals or by searching for wild, edible plants.

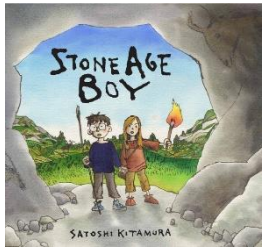
Stonehenge - is a huge man-made circle of standing stones located in Wiltshire.

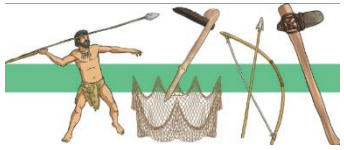
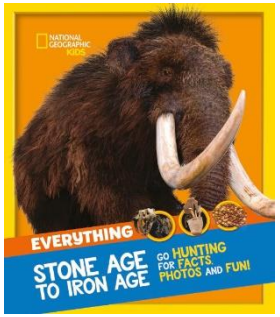
Skara Brae – one of Britain's most fascinating prehistoric villages located in Orkney.

Theory – a viewpoint argued from evidence

Key facts

Useful Links:



Prehistoric - KS2 History - BBC Bitesize

The Middle Stone Age | The Story of Britain | BBC Teach (youtube.com)